The Annual Governance Statement 2014/15 Annual Governance Statement

1 Scope of responsibility

- 1.1 The Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. The Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.
- 1.2 In discharging this overall responsibility, the Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs, facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, and which includes arrangements for the management of risk.
- 1.3 The Council has approved and adopted a code of corporate governance, which is consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/SOLACE Framework *Delivering Good Governance in Local Government*. A copy of the Council's code is contained in part 7 of the council's Constitution and can be found on our website at http://www.brent.gov.uk/your-council/about-brent-council/council-structure-how-we-work/our-constitution/
- 1.4 This statement explains how the Council has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015, regulation 6(2), which requires all relevant bodies to prepare an annual governance statement.

2 The purpose of the governance framework

- 2.1 The governance framework comprises the systems and processes, culture and values by which the authority is directed and controlled and its activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads its communities. It enables the authority to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate services and value for money. The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood and potential impact of those risks being realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.
- 2.2 The governance framework has been in place for the year ended 31 March 2015 and up to the date of approval of the statement of accounts.

3 The governance framework

- 3.1 The Borough Plan sets out the council's vision for the area, this is underpinned by a Corporate Plan which identifies the key tasks from which team plans and individual objectives are set. The council has recently achieved the Investors In People silver accreditation which demonstrates its commitment to best practice in staff development and learning.
- 3.2 The key elements of the systems and processes that comprise the Council's governance arrangements are set out over the following pages against the six core principles upon which the CIPFA/SOLACE Framework is based. The six core

Date: 2nd June 2015

Version: Draft

Page 1 of 19

principles being as follows:

- 1. Focusing on the purpose of the Authority and on outcomes for the community and creating and implementing a vision for the local area;
- 2. Members and officers working together to achieve a common purpose with clearly defined functions and roles;
- 3. Promoting values of the authority and demonstrating the values of good governance through upholding high standards of conduct and behaviour;
- 4. Taking informed and transparent decisions which are subject to effective scrutiny and managing risk;
- 5. Developing the capacity and capability of members and officers to be effective; and
- 6. Engaging with local people and other stakeholders to ensure robust public accountability.
- 3.3 Each of these core principles are broken down into a number of supporting principles and these are considered by the Council on an annual basis to review and summarise the key elements of the overall governance framework, as well as to identify specific actions needed to address any weaknesses and/or to achieve further improvement in the year ahead. The arrangements for reviewing the effectiveness of the governance framework are detailed in section 4 of this statement.
- 3.4 The tables set out over the following pages provide an overview of the key elements of the governance arrangements against the six core principles.

2nd June 2015 Date: Page 2 of 19 Version: Draft

Note: references to the Chief Operating Officer's Department and Chief Operating Officer reflect the current structure of the council, where functions were previously the responsibility of the Assistant Chief Executive, these have been transferred to the post of the COO

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
1. Identifying and communicating the authority's vision of its purpose and intended outcomes for citizens and service users 1. Identifying and communicating the authority's vision of its purpose and intended outcomes for citizens and service users	The Council has a Borough Plan for the year period of 2015 to December 2019 agreed by the Cabinet, the Local Strategic Partnership and Full Council. This document includes the corporate objectives of the Council and our shared partnerships priorities with other public agencies. The delivery of the Borough Plan is supported by a detailed Corporate Plan setting out key activities and milestones. Progress against the milestones is monitored on a six monthly basis and reported to the Corporate Management Team. Key performance indicators which relate to the targets in the plan or monitored on a monthly and quarterly basis and reported to CMT and the Cabinet. The Borough Plan references other key relevant documents, including the following: Local Development Framework; Climate Change Strategy; Housing Strategy; Sports and Physical Activity Strategy; Local Ultural Strategy; Engagement Strategy; and One Council Programme; Children and Young Peoples Plan; Child Poverty Strategy. The priorities of the Borough Plan are regularly set out in The Brent Magazine, its website, press releases and targeted campaigns.
Date: 2 nd J	une 2015 Page 3 of 19

Date: 2nd June 2015 Page 3 of 19
Version: Draft

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
	Service priorities are extensively consulted on with users and other relevant stakeholders. Departmental Service Plans are discussed annually with Lead Members prior to finalisation.
	The Corporate Plan feeds into team plans and individual objectives.
Reviewing the authority's	Implementation of the Borough Plan was monitored by the Cabinet.
vision and its implications for the authority's	Implementation of Service Plans is monitored throughout the year by Corporate Management Team (CMT) and Departmental Management Teams (DMTs) using a range of embedded systems and processes including quarterly performance monitoring.
governance arrangements	Progress against the administration's priorities is also reported to the Cabinet and Scrutiny Committee.
J	The Local Strategic Partnership receives regular updates from the thematic Partnership groups who are responsible for delivery of key shared projects and initiatives within the Borough Plan.
Translating the vision into objectives for the authority	The Chief Operating Officer's Department is responsible for supporting local partnership arrangements, known as Partners for Brent. The Partnerships and Engagement team co-ordinates a broad range of collaborative activities, which stem from the Council's engagement with local public, private and voluntary sector organisations.
and its partnerships.	Local partners collaborate within Brent through our Local Strategic Partnership (LSP) to deliver the vision set out in the Borough Plan 2015 - 2019.
	The LSP includes partners from all sectors and consists of an LSP Steering Group and Five Thematic Partnerships.
	The LSP's focus is to understand how to ensure the best outcomes for residents by aligning the work undertaken by different organisations in the borough and engaging people effectively in change.
	At service area level, objectives of partnerships are documented in the Service Plans and within contract documentation. They are then reflected in staff's individual objectives.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 4 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework 4. Measuring the quality of services for users, for ensuring they are delivered in accordance with the authority's objectives and for ensuring that they represent the best use of resources and value for money

The Council's Framework

The Council has a Performance Management Framework, as overseen by the Performance Team, within the Chief Operating Officers Department. The team works with DMTs to strategically align all the Council's performance monitoring and reporting activity.

Sitting under the Borough Plan and Corporate Plan the service planning framework serves as the cornerstone of the Council's approach to performance management. Each DMT is responsible for monitoring performance against their Service Plan and for reporting performance to CMT as appropriate Performance is also routinely discussed with the relevant Lead Member and reported to the Cabinet and Scrutiny.

Performance is also monitored through individual plans and the appraisal process.

Key groups within the overall framework include:

- Cabinet agree proposals and challenge and question lead members and directors;
- CMT challenge the performance of the Council as a whole and has overall responsibility for achieving corporate objectives;
- The Scrutiny Committee which provides a political challenge and scrutiny in relation to decisions taken by the Cabinet Performance reports are received by the Committee, where there are areas of concern Directors and Lead Members are questioned by the Committee. Member led task groups can undertake more detailed investigation of areas of persistent underperformance or where concerns have been raised by local residents.
- LSP challenges delivery around key partnerships; and
- One Council Programme Board oversees the progress and achievements against the One Council Programme.

During 2014/5, the One Council Programme Board measured progress against its targets via fortnightly meetings. The One Council Programme Management Office (PMO) monitors the robust project and programme methodology that has been established to ensure the delivery of change projects and realisation of benefits. The OC Programme Delivery Board, is chaired by the Chief Operating Officer and focuses on OC projects in portfolios, Red RAG projects and programme-wide matters. This framework includes the preparation of sound business cases for all projects within the programme and identification of future financial and non-financial benefits. The regular fortnightly monitoring of project plans enables effective management of delivery, identification of risk and tracking of both financial and non-financial benefits. Concept papers for new projects to enter the programme are agreed by CMT prior to detailed business cases being developed and quality assured by the OC Programme Board.

The council's IT systems for collection of performance data, 'inphases' is currently being upgraded and refreshed with the new set of corporate and service specific performance measures. A standard service planning template and guidance was refreshed in 2014 with a focus upon delivering the

Date: 2nd June 2015 Page 5 of 19 Version: Draft

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
	Corporate and Borough Plan objectives.
	During 2014/15 a quarterly Performance monitoring report was produced each quarter. This is reviewed by the Cabinet and the Scrutiny Committee.
Defining and documenting	Article 2 of the Constitution describes the role of Members of the Council, the Cabinet, Mayor, Full Council and Scrutiny.
the roles and responsibilities	Delegation arrangements are set out in the constitution and Officer delegation documents are held electronically by the Chief Legal Officer
of the executive (now Cabinet),	Up to date job descriptions are in place for Senior Officers.
non-executive (now Cabinet), scrutiny and	Monitoring Officer Advice Notes give advice to Members on decision making and standards of conduct. Further details with regards to London Councils' positive assessment of these are set out against Core Principle 5.
officer functions, with	All Cabinet decisions and key decisions by officers are recorded and published.
clear delegation arrangements	Roles and responsibilities are covered in the Constitution.
and protocols for effective	Member access to information rules are covered in part 7 of the Constitution and in the Access to Information protocol.
communication in respect of the	Published Pay Policy
authority and partnership arrangements	
6. Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the monitoring officer function	Covered in the Constitution and job descriptions. All reports have to be cleared by the Chief Legal Officer who attends all Leader's briefings and meetings of the Executive (now Cabinet) and full Council. A lawyer also attends all other committee meetings as required. The Chief Legal Officer is responsible for issuing the monitoring officer advice notes.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 6 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
7. Establishing clear channels of communication with all sections	The Borough Plan 2015 – 2019 sets out the aim to 'Support and promote greater participation of residents in decision-making, through democratic processes and council meetings'. A programme of public consultation was undertaken during September to December 2014 to shape and inform the development of the Borough Plan 2015 – 2019. The consultation included a Residents Attitude Survey of 2,100 people, an online call for evidence, a series of public debates and 11 independently facilitated resident focus groups. The consultation involved over 3,000 people across the borough.
of the	There are a range of ways in which the local community and other key stakeholders are consulted on an ongoing basis. Key ones include:
community and other stakeholders, ensuring	The Brent Magazine is regularly distributed to households, promoting Council policy and initiatives, and providing information on available services and consultation events.
accountability and encouraging open consultation	Surveys of residents' are undertaken to evaluate resident satisfaction with the area and with council services, with 2,100 people being surveyed in October 2014. Additional recruitment to the Citizens' Panel was achieved through these surveys. The Ward Working initiative focuses on members working within their communities to collectively address local priorities and improve the way services are delivered on a neighbourhood level. Each year they undertake consultation with residents to set their ward priorities for the coming year.
	The Council's website is another key point of engagement, both with regards to publicising and communicating key information, as well as providing residents with the opportunity to access services via web technology. We are in the process of re-designing the website around customers' needs so it is easier to use.
	There are five Brent Connects Area Forums, each chaired by a councillor, with meetings open to all members of the public. At each meeting, there is also a 'Soapbox slot' for residents to express their views and concerns about issues that affects them directly or indirectly. Outcomes of formal consultation are fed back through the Consultation Portal website.
	A young persons' website, 'bmyvoice', was launched in March 2010, specifically for engaging and communicating with Brent's younger residents.
	Local HealthWatch is commissioned by the Council to work with local communities to collect evidence on users experience of local health services and represent their views to commissioners via the Health and Wellbeing Board

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 7 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
	Staff are kept informed through structured 121 meetings and team meeting, intranet communications such as Brent Manager and e sight lite. Additional workshops / meetings are also run as appropriate for example on Corporate Plan priorities, HR policies and equalities. In addition we have a number of snapshot surveys taking place to evaluate staff understanding of the council's overall aims.
	The Chief Executive writes a fortnightly blog for staff.
	The Leader writes a regular blog.
	The Borough Plan 2015 - 2019 stresses that we will' ensure that local services engage with local communities more effectively about the services and issues which are important to them'. We are working towards achieving 'Excellence' level of the national equalities framework during 2015. Staff are kept informed through managers' briefing and the intranet. In addition there were a number of snapshot surveys taking place to evaluate staff understanding of the council's overall aims.
Incorporating good	The term 'partnership' is defined in the Constitution and a partnership map has been established.
governance arrangements in	Protocols and guidelines for the operation of joint working have been agreed by the LSP and covers roles and responsibilities, protocols for financial administration and staff management.
respect of partnerships and other joint	Guidance on the legal status of partnerships is provided by the Chief Legal Officer as appropriate.
working as identified by the Audit Commission's	The members of the Partners for Brent Executive (now Cabinet) have agreed terms of reference and roles as part of their governance arrangements. These establish the expected values and behaviours for effective partnership working. These include a commitment to addressing inequality, focusing on preventative actions and achieving value for money through greater collaboration.
report on the governance of partnerships and reflecting	The corporate policy team is working closely with representatives of the voluntary sector to develop principles for collaboration with the voluntary and community sectors.
these in the authority's overall governance	
arrangements.	

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 8 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
9. Developing, communicating and embedding codes of conduct defining behaviour for members and staff	Member Code of Conduct set out in constitution together with other codes these have been reviewed and the updated codes of Conduct have been agreed by the Standards Committee to deal with member conduct issues. The Committee is politically balanced and consists of five members and an independent co-opted member. Two separate independent individuals are involved in dealing with complaints against members. The Committee has an annual work programme and is supported by the Chief Legal Officer Register of member interests and gifts and hospitality. The Code of Conduct for Officers was updated and re-issued in 2010. A new Code of Conduct has been drafted and agreed with CMT. This will be introduced during in June 2015 following Member approval. Other codes include the IT Usage Policy, Data and Information Security and Grievance Policy, Disciplinary Policy, Capability Policy and Probation Policy are all held on the intranet and are subject to regular review. HR policies have all been recently reviewed following an independent review by LGA. An anti-fraud and bribery policy was issued in July 2013. Staff are made aware of their responsibilities through general communications, such as Esight lite, manager briefings and at corporate induction. The Conflict of Interest Policy for staff provides clear guidance regarding contractual and other potential conflicts. Gifts and Hospitality policy for staff.
10.Reviewing the effectiveness of the authority's decision-making framework, including delegation arrangements, decision making	The Cabinet is responsible for the implementation of policy and ensuring the effectiveness of service Members are required to make sound decisions based on written reports which are prepared in accordance with the report writing guide and have to be cleared by both Finance and Legal. The Executive (now Cabinet) receives a briefing (Leader's Briefing) two weeks prior to the Executive (now Cabinet) meeting when members can ask detailed technical questions of officers. All reports must be reviewed and signed-off by the Chief Finance Officer and the Chief Legal Officer and contain clear financial and legal advice to help members arrive at decisions.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 9 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
in partnerships and robustness of data quality.	Senior Legal and Finance officers are available to give clear and robust advice. Scrutiny is responsible for monitoring the performance of the Executive (now Cabinet). The Scrutiny Committee receive regular up-dates on the delivery of the One Council programme and performance monitoring. Periodic reports are also presented to the Budget Task Group. The programme of member led task groups enable Cabinet members to consider matters of concern to local communities and make recommendations for action to the Cabinet. The Scrutiny Chair is given an opportunity to report back to every full Council meeting. Call in arrangements in the Constitution allow Scrutiny Committee to review decisions made by the Cabinet. Decision making arrangements are set out in the Constitution. The Council operates a Leader and Cabinet model of decision making. Although some decisions are reserved for Full Council, most are made by the Cabinet or by committees, sub-committees or officers. There are currently no decision making powers delegated to individual Members. In accordance with the Local Government Act 2000, the Council has mechanisms in place to allow the effective, independent and rigorous examination of the proposals and decisions by the Cabinet. These mechanisms involve the Scrutiny process including call-in and question time. The conduct of the Council's business is governed by the Constitution, which includes Standing Orders and Financial Regulations. Decision making meetings of the Cabinet are open to the public. Copies of reports and decisions are available on the internet and through the Libraries.
11.Undertaking the core functions of an audit committee, as identified in CIPFA's Audit Committees: Practical Guidance for Local Authorities	The Council has an Audit Committee which meets at least four times during the year. The terms of reference are set out in the Constitution. The Committee exists to consider the work of internal audit and its effectiveness; to consider reports from the external auditors; to monitor the effectiveness of the governance and risk management framework and to review the accounts. The committee has an independent chair. Appointments are made on a two year fixed term basis.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 10 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
12. Reviewing the effectiveness of the framework for identifying and managing risks and demonstrating clear accountability	 The Cabinet consider risks as part of their decision making role on corporate policies, including the annual budget setting processes, major policy decisions and major projects. The Corporate Management Team review corporate risks through regular monitoring reports. Risks within the One Council programme are fully documented within the reporting framework of the programme. These are reported to the Programme Board and a risk log is maintained. These are project risks and are not separately identified within the Risk Register. Operational risk arising from the One Council change programme feed into departmental registers; and Risks are identified within Service Plans and considered on a regular basis within departmental management teams and key operational risks are reported through to the Corporate Management Team.
13.Ensuring effective counter-fraud and anti- corruption arrangements are developed and maintained	The council has an anti-fraud and bribery policy (2013) publicised to all staff and the public. The council has an independent investigations team which is resourced appropriately.
14.Ensure that arrangements are in place for whistle blowing to which staff and all those contracting with the authority have access.	The council has a whistleblowing policy which was revised in 2014 and arrangements for the investigation of appropriate cases.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 11 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
15.Ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations, internal policies and procedures, and that expenditure is lawful	Legal Implications are present in all committee reports and regular law updates are provided by the monitoring officer. Standing orders and financial regulations are in place and adherence to these is reviewed by Finance Officers and the Internal Audit Team.
16.Identifying the development needs of members and senior officers	It remains a key policy of the Council to provide all new staff with an informative induction that explains the structure and work of the council and the relationships between different parts of the organisation. It is also an important way of ensuring new staff understand the values of the organisation and the part they will play in supporting the achievements of its goals. A tailored induction programme is also provided for all council apprentices and national graduates. An induction policy and checklist has been rolled out across the council in January 2015.
in relation to their strategic roles, supported	We have introduced a policy framework to include individual, managerial local and corporate induction. All new entrants are expected to attend a course within their first three months of being in the Council.
by appropriate training	The induction process marks a key part of the relationship between the Council and all new starters.
training	New starters are set up with e-learning accounts to complete the essential (mandatory) e-learning modules and also to complete a personal and/or any local induction programmes. There is also a mandatory Manager Essential programme for new managers to Brent and newly appointed managers within Brent.
	The programmes are fundamental in setting standards and influencing patterns of behaviour conducive to working well with partners, colleagues and delivering excellent customer services.
	The key objectives of the corporate induction programme are for delegates to:
	understand the organisation's aims, values and the standards of behaviour and performance expected;
	have an opportunity to identify and resolve at an early stage any concerns, issues or queries they may have relating to their employment; and

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 12 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
	feel engaged and enthusiastic about working at Brent.
	Within the new manager essential programme the key objectives are for delegates to understand the key roles and responsibilities (core standards and expectations) of the Brent Manager and the Management competencies
	During the induction process, officers are introduced to key personnel and statutory roles. The Chief Executive attends all corporate induction sessions.
	On an individual level, each officer has a job description and person specification, which clarifies their role and identifies the knowledge, skills and competences required to undertake that role successfully.
	Each year, officers have an annual performance appraisal containing developmental objectives and plans linked to providing them with any required support to enable continuous professional development, to bridge any skills or knowledge gaps and also to support the achievement of the council's objectives.
	The Council's Corporate Workforce Strategy and its Learning and Development policy, plans and service offers are based on corporate, strategic and service needs and also individual needs identified in team plans and individual appraisals.
	Statutory officers are encouraged to maintain their continuing professional development, including, participating in and attending external forums to maximise their learning and to development, to keep abreast of good practice and to network and share learning to improve service delivery.
	Our HR Strategy 2015-19 outlines the priority areas the council will focus on in respect of workforce capacity and capability. The five strategic aims are: 1. Achieving organisational effectiveness and strong performance management to ensure an excellent service is provided to customers and resident 2. Recruiting, retaining and rewarding a diverse, highly skilled, flexible and motivated workforce; 3. Valuing diversity, reducing inequalities and responding to the diverse needs of the community; 4. Developing high performing managers and talented staff; 5. Building the professionalism and skills of the workforce to support One Council projects and deliver high quality services.
	The Performance and Talent Management system has enabled managers to better assess key competencies; development plans and to check on progress against the objectives which have been set for staff. This technological solution enables management information to be more easily extracted.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 13 of 19
Version:	Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
	The Council has an annual corporate Learning & Development offer which supports council priorities, as identified through the newly developed Planning & Evaluation Framework.
	The Council was assessed for Investors in People in March 2013 and again in March 2014 and has retained its silver award. It is now aiming to achieve gold during 2015/16.
17.Enhancing the accountability for service delivery and	Council policy and services are set out to residents via The Brent Magazine produced ten times per year, the council website and wider media.
effectiveness of other public	Most meetings are held in public. Some parts of meetings are held in private when exempt or confidential information might be discussed. This is subject to the agreement of the members present.
service providers	Brent has 5 Brent Connects Area Forums. Each forum meets four times per year at locations across the borough. Brent Connects Area forums offer the public and stakeholders opportunities to engage with elected councillors, council officers and managers and our partner organisations – as well as participating in the borough's consultation activity.
	In addition:
	There are 5 Brent Connects – User Forums, which cover Pensioners, Equalities, Voluntary Sector Liaison, Private Sector Housing and Disabilities.
	A Brent Citizens' Panel, consisting of 2,000 + locally recruited resident stakeholders, is in operation.
	The Youth Parliament has been operating since March 2007 and provides an opportunity for children and young people to present their views to the Council. The Youth Parliament worked on the development of the 'bmyvoice' website that was launched in March 2010.
18.Ensuring effective management of change and transformation	The council's business transformation process is driven by the One Council Programme. This programme is intended to deliver improvements and efficiency across all service areas through a series of projects. The Corporate Management Team oversees the programme and each project has a sponsor and project manager. Projects are controlled using a project management framework, utilising project plans and risk logs with regular reporting to the board.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 14 of 19
Version	n: Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
	In relation to organisational change the council's managing change policy includes guidance on staff and trade union consultation. Human Resources proactively supports all change programmes within the council.
19.Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for the discharge of the head of paid service function	An experienced interim Chief Executive was appointed in November 2012 and will remain in post until a permanent Chief Executive is appointed in 2015. The appointment of the permanent Chief Executive will be presented to Full Counil for approval in June 2015.
20. Ensuring the authority's financial management arrangements conform with the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government (2010) and, where they do not, explain why and how they deliver the same impact	The arrangements as set out in the CIPFA statement were adhered to. The CFO is responsible for ensuring that appropriate advice is given on all financial matters, for keeping proper financial records and accounts, and for maintaining an effective system of internal financial control. All Executive (now Cabinet) reports have to be cleared by the CFO who attends all Leader's briefings and meetings of the Executive (now Cabinet) and full Council.

Date:	2 nd June 2015	Page 15 of 19
Version	r Draft	

Key Elements of a good governance framework	The Council's Framework
21. Ensuring the authority's assurance arrangements conform with the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Head of Interna Audit (2010) and, where they do not, explain why and how they deliver the same impact	

4 Review of Effectiveness

- 4.1 The Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the Directors and senior managers within the authority who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the work of the Head of Internal Audit & Investigation's annual report and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.
- 4.2 The process that has been applied in maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the governance framework is described below:

The Council

- Monitors performance against corporate strategy objectives by producing an annual report setting an annual budget and medium term financial plan;
- Receives an annual budget report which summarises the financial position and the transactions for the year and considers the annual performance plan; and
- Has a Constitution which sets out the decision making processes and structure, delegated authorities, standing orders and financial regulations. These underpin the internal control framework.

The Cabinet

- Makes key decisions in accordance with the Budget and Policy Framework;
- Conducts joint planning sessions with the Corporate Management Team to consider the council's policy priorities and its linkages with the medium term financial strategy; and
- Meets regularly with the Corporate Management Team to develop policy and to receive operational and financial performance information.

The Audit Committee

- Met five times during 2014/15 and has considered the work of Internal Audit during the year, the Head of Internal Audit's annual report and opinion and the External Auditor's annual letter:
- Monitors the effective development and operation of risk management;
- Reviews the annual statement of accounts. Specifically to consider whether
 appropriate accounting policies have been followed and whether there are concerns
 arising from the financial statements or from the audit that need to be brought to the
 attention of the Council; and
- Considers the Treasury Management Strategy and the Annual Investment Strategy. It also reviews treasury management activity during the year

The Standards Committee

 Receives reports from the Council's Monitoring Officer on issues concerning member conduct and would consider reports referred from the Monitoring Officer which require investigation and/or determination

Scrutiny Committee

- The council has one Scrutiny Committee which meets every month. The committee is responsible for developing a roust work programme which covers both the councils statutory responsibilities with regard to Health and Community Safety
- The committee deals with call-in of Cabinet decisions, reviewing the council's performance against its objectives and scrutiny of local partners where appropriate.
- In addition the Scrutiny function undertakes a programme of in depth task groups each year on matters of local concern. The views of local residents and service users are

Date: 3rd June 2014 Page 17 of 19 Version: Draft sought as part of the evidence gathering for these scrutiny task groups.

Audit & Investigation

- Provide assurance to the Council on operational and financial controls via delivery of an agreed audit plan;
- Produce an Annual Audit Report including the Head of Audit's annual opinion on the Council's internal controls; and
- Where identified as a result of audit work, significant internal control weaknesses have been reported to Operational and Strategic Directors. Recommendations for improvement are made in each report. Each significant audit report is followed up after a suitable period and any failure to implement recommendations is noted and reported back to the relevant director, the Chief Executive and the Audit Committee.

External Audit

- The Chief Finance Officer and the Council's external auditors meet regularly to share information and, as appropriate, raise any concerns regarding the internal control environment. These meetings may become more frequent during the closing of the accounts process when any material weaknesses or issues would be raised.
- 4.3 We have been advised on the implications of the result of the review of the effectiveness of the governance framework by Audit Committee and that the arrangements continue to be regarded as fit for purpose in accordance with the governance framework. The areas addressed and those to be specifically addressed with new actions are outlined below.

5 Significant Governance Issues

Set out below are the significant governance issues which were identified in 2013/14 and the progress against these. No issues have been identified for 2014/15.

2013/14 Issues and Progress

- **Property Management.** An issue arose concerning the exercise of contractual rights within commercial leasehold agreements. This resulted in additional rental liabilities being incurred. Various options have been considered and remain under review.
- **FOI compliance.** The council's processes for identifying, distributing and responding to FOI requests had not kept pace with the significant growth in the number of requests received. Consequently the council did not consistently meet the 20 day deadline for responding to FOI requests. In late 2013/14 new processes were introduced to improve management information and accountability, allowing the council to strengthen its performance in this area in 2014/15.
- 5.2 We propose over the coming year to take steps to address the above matter to further enhance our governance arrangements. We are satisfied that these steps will address the need for improvements that were identified in our review of effectiveness and will monitor their implementation and operation as part of our next annual review.

3rd June 2014 Date: Page 18 of 19 Version: Draft

Signed:	
Muhammed Butt Leader of the Council	Christine Gilbert Interim Chief Executive
Dated:	

Date: 3rd June 2014
Version: Draft
Page 19 of 19